

## WEEKS'S CREDITORS HOPE.

They May Realize 25 or 30 Per Cent. on Their Claims.

Affairs of the Missing Lawyer Being Straightened Out.

The creditors of Francis H. Weeks are making some progress in untangling the snarl in which the absconding lawyer left his affairs when he disappeared, and, according to Lawyer Curtis, who represents several of the owners of trust estates which were in the hands of Weeks, something may be realized by those who confided their property to his care.

Mr. Curtis says when he first began to look into the matter he did not have given five cents on the dollar for all the claims, but now he believes that with careful nursing the assets may yield from 25 to 30 per cent. of the full value of the claims.

At any rate, the outlook is growing better, and although it may be several years before the estate can be settled up, the creditors may eventually recover a considerable proportion of their losses.

The present whereabouts of Weeks is as much a mystery as ever. Several of his creditors would not doubt try to bring him back to New York and prosecute him criminally if they could find him, but he seems to have effectually concealed his present location.

It is positively known, however, that for a few days after his disappearance he was staying at a town in the northern part of the State, where, at the first alarm, he could cross the border into Canada, and there be safe, for a time, at least from pursuit.

He was traced to Plattsburg a day or two after the announcement of his fall, but since then he has changed his quarters, and every clue to his movements has disappeared. Several of the creditors, however, for the lawyers interested in recovering the trust property, which, it is said, was worth approximately \$1,500,000, have been able to discover his place of residence, although detectives have been employed to follow him up.

The only assets which have yet come into the hands of the creditors are the assets of the New York and New Jersey Company, which is valued at \$1,500,000, and the assets of the New York and New Jersey Company, which is valued at \$1,500,000, and the assets of the New York and New Jersey Company, which is valued at \$1,500,000.

It is said that Mr. Weeks has also informed the counsel representing trust estates that he has discovered a number of railway bonds, including those of the New York and New Jersey Company, which are valued at \$1,500,000, and the assets of the New York and New Jersey Company, which is valued at \$1,500,000.

It is believed that the value this equity may reach \$1,500,000, but it is not readily available. The great difficulty of getting at the solution of the problem of what the assets are worth is that the assets are kept in a vault in the city of New York, and the key to the vault is in the hands of a person who is not known to the creditors.

Weeks also carries a life insurance of \$70,000, which is divided among several companies. This, however, is not available as an asset.

It is also said that a number of small notes and mortgages representing loans made by Weeks at various times are included among the paper which he placed in the hands of his assignee, and that several small bank accounts, which he took care of for various clients have been found to be intact.

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## ADVANCE IN FIRE RATES.

It Is Strongly Recommended by President Skilton.

Annual Meeting of the National Board of Underwriters.

The twenty-seventh annual meeting of the National Board of Fire Underwriters was held to-day at the rooms of the New York Board of Underwriters, 22 Nassau street.

Delegates were present representing eighty or ninety companies, and the session was called to order by President D. W. C. Skilton, of Hartford.

The officers of the National Board are: President, D. W. C. Skilton, Hartford; Vice-President, Thomas H. Montgomery, Philadelphia; Secretary, Robert H. Booth, Philadelphia; Treasurer, Fred W. Arnold, Providence.

President Skilton's address was the most important feature of the forenoon's session. Among the other things he said was that there was a critical period in American underwriting and must determine upon a plan of action that would establish their business on lines of prosperity.

In the evening last the President of the Board of Fire Underwriters, the various States recommending the passage of laws providing for the proper regulation of the insurance business, with proper provisions for protection in suspicious cases.

This had been followed by a letter to the various commissioners in January inviting their attention to the request made to the various States for the passage of laws providing for the proper regulation of the insurance business, with proper provisions for protection in suspicious cases.

Since the last annual meeting the insurance clause had been adopted for general application throughout a large part of the field, but the action of the various States in the method of application and the rules governing the same, had not been altogether uniform.

It was important that the Board should adopt rules of uniformity, all companies desiring to support that action, and to secure the full benefit of the insurance clause, and by their irregularity, which might be overcome.

The President, in conclusion, recommended a general advance in the average rates of premiums for long terms of insurance, and a general advance in the average rates of premiums for long terms of insurance, and a general advance in the average rates of premiums for long terms of insurance.

He figured that in view of the reduced rates the long-term business secured there were \$100,000 in premiums lost to the companies last year, as compared with the figures of 1891.

The losses of 1891-92, he added, had been unparalleled. The first few months of 1893 showed the same alarming rate, and the question is, "What shall the harvest be?"

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## WALL STREET IS EASIER.

"World" Despatches from Europe Reassure the Bankers.

Stock Market Opens with a Rush to Buy.

The cable despatch from London in "The World" this morning containing the views of the most prominent London bankers on the general financial situation had a very reassuring effect in Wall Street and the business community generally.

The statements of such a world-renowned financier as Baron Rothschild as well as the representative of the big American banking concerns, that there was no cause for alarm even in the face of the big bank failures in Australia and the generally depressed financial condition, was regarded as indicating that the outlook was growing brighter.

The fact, however, that there was a big secret meeting in London, the object of which could not be learned, was puzzling, but the general belief was that the meeting was simply to review the general financial situation.

An "Evening World" reporter today saw members of three of the large banking firms here, and they were all of the opinion that the financial situation had materially improved, and that there was no cause for alarm.

August Belmont, head of the firm of August Belmont & Co., American agents for the Rothschilds, said he had no reason to believe that the London bankers were in season yesterday, and consequently was unable to discuss the object of the meeting. He declared, however, he had just received advices from London which had stated that the financial situation was decidedly improved.

He declared that he was unaware of any part of an alleged meeting in London, and as also advised by The World correspondent.

At the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., it was said that the situation was decidedly bright, and that they felt not the slightest cause for alarm.

J. Seligman, of J. & W. Seligman, said that there was everything encouraging in the present financial situation.

"Europe is a heavy buyer this morning," said Mr. Seligman, "and of course, that is a very good sign of the situation. We believe things are looking decidedly brighter and that there is nothing to fear. We have not heard of the meeting of the London bankers, nor of the impending failure. We do not take any stock in the threatened failure, and we are not at all alarmed by the rumors now prevalent."

According to expectation, the Bank of England directors this morning raised the official rate of discount from 3 to 4 per cent. The London market was very quiet, and for American securities was reported strong with prices slightly above the parity of our closing prices.

Speculation here opened buoyant, the probability that the Northern Pacific refunding scheme will go through having a very good effect.

There was a perfect rush to buy stocks at the opening and prices advanced 1/2 to 2 per cent. The latter for general electric. Subsequently Manhattan broke 4 to 4 1/2, on the failure of the liquid trust commission.

The remainder of the list yielded 1/2 to 2 per cent. But still late speculation became buoyant again. There were free purchases for foreign and Western account, and a decided better feeling prevailed.

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## TALK OF THE TOWN.

How About a Closed Pool-Room with Telephone Connections.

Connections.

That's the latest report.

Horse Racing Freer from Crookedness than for Many Years.

The latest alleged device of the city pool-room-keepers is to bet by telephone.

It is proposed to have a central office (pool-room) which can be reached by telephone at any time, and where the bets will be taken. At these points a man will be in charge who will notify the central office of the customer's reliability. No money will be passed. If the customer loses he will visit the central office and settle, and if he wins he will call and collect. The pool-room men believe that this scheme will work, because no money changes hands. At the same time the central office will become known to the police, and it is certain that these month bets will have to be registered. This, it is said, will give the police a chance to raid them.

The English Derby favorite, Inglands, by Isomys, dam Donkirk, won the Newmarket Stakes in England yesterday, and hence the world's record for a mile and a quarter. The English turfman pays but little attention, as a rule, to the time test. Inglands was timed, however, and he covered the distance in 2:02 1/2 over a straight course. Banquet, his nearest rival, was a quarter of a mile behind him.

The straight course at Monmouth Park in 2:03 3/4. Inglands carried 126 pounds, which makes his performance all the more remarkable.

So much has been said in the past few days concerning conspiracies and crookedness in the Brooklyn Handicap, that that portion of the public which looks upon the game from a distance must regard the race track as a veritable hotbed of intrigue, where horse owners, bookmakers, trainers and jockeys lounge about with keen-edged razors, ready to strike at the slightest provocation.

Nothing could be further from the truth. The turf to-day is free from scandal, and there is no reason to believe that there is any crookedness in the game. It is a mistake to believe that a bookmaker can go into a paddock and bribe a jockey to win a race. The jockey is a public man, and he is not to be bought. The bookmaker is a public man, and he is not to be bought.

There is a further point to be considered. The jockey is a public man, and he is not to be bought. The bookmaker is a public man, and he is not to be bought. The jockey is a public man, and he is not to be bought. The bookmaker is a public man, and he is not to be bought.

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## POLICEMAN MADE PRISONER.

Charged with the Unprovoked Clubbing of Two Men.

He Says He Was Set Upon by a Gang and Had to Fight.

Policeman Fitzgerald, of the West Forty-seventh street station, this morning arraigned in the Yorkville Police Court Michael McMahon, twenty-three, of 434 West Fifty-first street, and John A. Ward, twenty-five, of 518 West Fifty-second street, charged with disorderly conduct by using violence, a sweeper in the street-cleaning department.

According to the policeman's story the prisoners were doing his work. Hughes appealed to the policeman for protection.

Fitzgerald says a gang then set upon him and knocked him down. He drew his billy club, after a few moments succeeded in putting McMahon and Ward under arrest.

The prisoners said they were sitting in front of McMahon's saloon, Fifty-first street and Tenth avenue, when the policeman told them to move on. Not complying on the moment, the officer drew his billy club and clubbed them most unmercifully.

McMahon faced worse. His face received an archipelago map, while his head was badly battered.

Ward, a fish dealer at 500 West Fifty-first street, corroborated the prisoner's story. He said the policeman made an unprovoked assault on him and his partner, McMahon, who followed him and knocked him down. Citizens interfered and Fitzgerald arrested them.

A number of citizens came to court, and with them Attorney John Kim, of 291 Broadway, who acted as counsel for McMahon and Ward.

On hearing the citizen's story Justice McMahon ordered a complaint taken against the policeman.

Fitzgerald seemed surprised, and showed it in his face. He said he had no recollection of the incident, and that he was not a policeman.

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## MR. GUNN'S GOOD ADVICE.

READIT AND PROFIT BY IT, LIKELY IT APPLIES TO YOU.

It is the clear cut, ringing statement of a man at the height of his powers in the community in which he has lived for many years. It is the story of a Wretched, Miserable Existence Transformed Into a Life of Health and Happiness.

Here is the story of a man who suffered for years whose life was made miserable. His trouble untold him for business. He sought relief, but could find none. At last he discovered that there was a place in this city where his disease was successfully treated. He went there and got almost instant relief, and in a few months he was thoroughly cured. He had a catch of the head, throat and stomach—a common complaint with thousands upon thousands. Let them read his story and profit by it. Here it is in his own words:

My name is William M. Gunn. I live at number 60 South Third Avenue in Mount Vernon. For years I suffered from catarrh of the head, throat and stomach. I sought relief, but could find none. At last I discovered that there was a place in this city where my disease was successfully treated. I went there and got almost instant relief, and in a few months I was thoroughly cured. I had a catch of the head, throat and stomach—a common complaint with thousands upon thousands. Let them read his story and profit by it. Here it is in his own words:

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